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Women's Rights Groups call on Governments to reject the WTO Declaration on "Women's Economic Empowerment"

BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA--- More than 160 women's rights and allies organizations sent an urgent letter to WTO member governments, calling state parties to the World Trade Organisation to refrain from adopting the proposed "Joint Declaration on Trade and Women's Economic Empowerment". They argue that the proposed Declaration fails to address the adverse impact of WTO rules on women and instead appears to be designed to mask the failures of the WTO and its role in deepening inequality and exploitation.

Kate Lappin, Global Coordinator, Asia Pacific Forum on Women, Law and Development said, "Women's rights organisations from all continents have rejected this declaration as simply a 'pink herring' designed to distract attention from the harm the WTO does. If there was genuine interest in women's human rights governments would change the rules of international trade that currently drive down women's wages, displace women from their land, privatise public goods to enrich multinational corporations. We are sick of gender equality being used as a cynical ploy to justify neoliberalism."

Vandana Shiva, Indian scholar, environmental activist, food sovereignty advocate from Navdanya said: "Women were the first to show how WTO was institutionalised capitalist patriarchy on a world scale .We will not allow "women" to be used as a trojan horse to expand and extend a system that is destroying the lives and livelihoods of women and children, peasants and workers, and the planet."

Zenaida Soriano, AMIHAN National Alliance of Peasant Women, Philippines - "Women peasants have been devastated by free trade policies that open up agricultural markets to foreign investment. Trade liberalization worsens corporate land-grabs that deprive women of their land and livelihood resulting to widespread hunger that destroys communities and deepens women's misery."

Joms Salvador, GABRIELA Alliance of Filipino Women, Philippines - "Gabriela Philippines rejects WTO's gender washing aimed at making palatable neoliberal policies that inflict deep sufferings on women from poor and underdeveloped countries. WTO's promotion of liberalization and deregulation have strengthened transnational corporations' control over vast lands and resources. It has driven wages and labour standards to historic lows, with foreign investors exploiting women as cheap and flexible labour source. All these have further heightened women's vulnerability with the privatization of social services such as education and health. No amount of gender-inclusive language will conceal WTO's real anti-people and anti-women character."

Please find the text of the letter and signatures below:

12 December 2017

We, women's rights organisations and allies, call on state parties to the World Trade Organisation to refrain from adopting the proposed "Joint Declaration on Trade and Women's Economic Empowerment". We appreciate that governments are increasingly recognising the gendered impact of international trade and trade rules imposed through the WTO and preferential trade agreements. However, this declaration fails to address

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the adverse impact of WTO rules and instead appears to be designed to mask the failures of the WTO and its role in deepening inequality and exploitation.

The declaration takes a very narrow approach to assessing the gendered impacts of trade. Even if the benefits the WTO bestows on the richest 1% of the world's population were evenly split between men and women, the majority of the world's women would not benefit. Increasing access to credit and cross border trade for a few women will not benefit women's human rights overall. The declaration is a 'pink herring', an attempt to obscure the harm WTO provisions have on women while ensuring the WTO can bring in 'new issues', likely to deepen inequality.

The removal of tariffs and import limits alone have been detrimental to women's rights. Tariff reductions reduce government revenue essential for public investments in health, education, energy, water, transport and social protection. Reduced public expenditure impacts most heavily on the economically poor and particularly poorer women. Governments are increasingly replacing that revenue with regressive taxes, such as Goods and Services Taxes which have discriminatory effects. The influx of subsidised food and inputs displaces local production and the WTO has forced governments to remove valuable policy instruments that allow them to regulate the flow of imported goods in order to support local production and to provide local, pro-poor subsidies.

It is now clear, that the neoliberal project involving austerity, privatisation, deregulation of finance, markets and corporations, and trade and investment liberalisation has had a devastating and discriminatory impact on women. Neoliberalism is sexist and is simply incapable of supporting gender-equitable and just sustainable development, no matter how it is spun.

The proposal for the WTO to deal with 'new issues' threatens women's human rights even further. Those 'new issues', include harmful services provisions that deepen corporate power and the inclusion of ecommerce that will limit regulation of the world's largest, tax avoiding corporations. If governments are genuinely interested in advancing women's human rights through just trade arrangements, they would allow for pro-poor public stockholding of food, allow any domestic regulations a state deems necessary to advance women's human rights and the public interest, ensure that states can fully utilise intellectual property flexibilities to provide access to medicines, seeds, technologies that advance women's human rights and refrain from entering into any bi-lateral or multi-lateral agreements that further restrict the capacity to use domestic regulations in the interests of the public in any way they deem necessary

We do not seek a retreat to combative nationalism in the name of trade protectionism. We support multilateralism. However, multilateralism must be based on solidarity, democracy and human rights, rather than the interests of unaccountable multinational corporations or wealthy states.

ENDORSING ORGANISATIONS

- 1. Asia Pacific Forum on Women, Law and Development (APWLD)
- 2. Project Survival Pacific Fiji
- 3. RITES Forum India
- 4. Diverse Voices and Action (DIVA), for Equality Fiji
- 5. Pacific Partnerships on Gender, Climate Change and Sustainable Development (PPGCCSD) Pacific SIDS
- 6. Gender and Environmental Risk Risk Reduction Initiative (GERI) Nigeria
- 7. Feminist League Kazakhstan
- 8. Society For Rural Education and Development India
- 9. Tamil Nadu Women's Forum India
- 10. Alliance of Concerned Teachers Philippines
- 11. Indian Social Action Forum India
- 12. Echoes of Women in Africa (ECOWA) Nigeria
- 13. Nijera Kori Bangladesh
- 14. African Women's Development and Communication Network (FEMNET)
- 15. Women Engage for a Common Future (WECF), International

- 16. Adéquations France
- 17. Trade Collective
- 18. South African Women in Dialogue
- 19. Women for Women's Human Rights New Ways, Turkey
- 20. Women's Coalition Turkey
- 21. PWESCR International (Programme on Women's Economic, Social and Cultural Rights)
- 22. JANPAHAL India
- 23. Feminist Learning Partnerships India
- 24. We Women Lanka- Sri Lanka
- 25. Akina Mama wa Afrika Uganda
- 26. South Asia Alliance for Poverty Eradication (SAAPE)
- 27. Centre d'appui aux initiatives locales de développement et d'Assistance aux personnes vulnérables (CIDEP) BURUNDI
- 28. CPDE Feminist Group (CSO Partnership for Development Effectiveness)
- 29. European Network of Migrant Women (ENOMW)
- 30. Free the Marginalised Women Advocates (FREMWA) Ghana
- 31. Alliance of CSOs in Clean Energy Access (ACCESS) Global Coalition
- 32. ActionAid International
- 33. Roots for Equity Pakistan
- 34. African Women's Rights Collective
- 35. Association Nigérienne des Scouts de l'Environnement (ANSEN) Niger
- 36. Alliance de Lutte contre la Faim et la Malnutrition du Niger (ACFM Niger)
- 37. Centre for Research and Advocacy India
- 38. Insan Foundation Pakistan
- 39. National Indigenous Disabled Women Association Nepal (NIDWAN)
- 40. Sathi ALl for Partnerships India
- 41. Afrihealth Optonet Association [CSOs Network]
- 42. Society for Conservation and Sustainability of Energy and Environment in Nigeria (SOCSEEN)
- 43. Dr. Uzo Adirieje Foundation (DUZAFOUND)
- 44. Coordinadora de la Mujer Bolivia
- 45. Centre for 21st Century Issues (C21st) Nigeria
- 46. Women Fund Tanzania
- 47. Centre for Human Rights and Development Mongolia
- 48. Development Observer Mongolia
- 49. People's Coalition for Food Sovereignty Mongolia
- 50. WIDE+ (Women In Development Europe plus) Network
- 51. Centro de Estudios e Investigación sobre Mujeres (CEIM) Spain
- 52. Citizen News Service (CNS)
- 53. National Forum of Women with Disabilities Nepal
- 54. Haurralde Foundation
- 55. Fundacion para Estudio e INVestigacion de la Mujer (FEIM) Argentina
- 56. South African Women in Dialogue
- 57. GDMR-Grupo Para o Desenvolvimento da Mulher e Rapariga
- 58. Haus of Khameleon Fiji/Pacific
- 59. Fundación Mexicana para la Planeación Familiar AC MEXFAM
- 60. TIYE International The Netherlands
- 61. ANANDI India
- 62. Mahila Kisan Adhikar Manch (MAKAAM)
- 63. StandUp Movement Lanka (SUML) Sri Lanka
- 64. Organisation des Femmes Autochtones pour la Lutte contre la Violence (OFALV) Rwanda
- 65. Alliance des Peuples Autochtones et Locales d'Afrique centrale (APALAC coalition) Pays-Bas.
- 66. Keturah Cecilia Babb Individual
- 67. Equality Bahamas
- 68. Pacific Womens' Indigenous Networks
- 69. Fiji Women's Rights Movement (FWRM)

- 70. Pacific Women's Watch New Zealand
- 71. YWCA of Solomon Islands
- 72. Participatory Research Action Network (PRAN) Bangladesh
- 73. IT for Change India
- 74. EMPOWER India
- 75. Women Against Rape Inc.
- 76. Gramya Resource Centre for Women
- 77. Rainbow Pride Foundation Fiji (RPF)
- 78. Equidad de Género, Ciudadanía, Trabajo y Familia Mexico
- 79. IMA Research Foundation Bangladesh
- 80. Penn Thozhilalargal Sangam (Women Workers Union) India
- 81. Independent Democratic of Informal Economic Association (IDEA) Cambodia
- 82. Fiji Trades Union Congress Fiji
- 83. Center for Trade Union and Human Rights (CTUHR) Philippines
- 84. KABAR BUMI (Migrant Workers Families Association) Indonesia
- 85. Reacción Climática Bolivia
- 86. Aksi! for gender, social and ecological justice Indonesia
- 87. Indonesian Migrant Workers Hong Kong
- 88. Indonesian Migrant Workers in Hong Kong (ATKI-HK)
- 89. Centre for Community Economics & Development Consultant Society (CECODECON) India
- 90. Public Advocacy Initiative for Rights & Values in India (PAIRVI) India
- 91. Mahila Dakshata Samiti/Women2030 India
- 92. National Alliance for Women (NAWO) India
- 93. NGO Federation of Nepal Nepal
- 94. Nepal SDGs Forum Nepal
- 95. Bangladesh Nari Progati Sangha (BNPS) Bangladesh
- 96. International Women's Rights Action Watch (IWRAW) Asia Pacific
- 97. Federation of Women Farmers Rights -Tamil Nadu (makkam) India
- 98. Rural Women's Liberation Movement Tamil Nadu India
- 99. Women's Coalition For Change-Tamil Nadu India
- 100. Tamil Nadu Dalit Women's Movement India
- 101. Govind Kelkar Individual
- 102. Dristi Nepal (Rights to Existence) Nepal
- 103. Asia Indigenous Peoples Pact (AIPP) Thailand
- 104. Maati, Uttarakhand- India
- 105. National Alliance of Women Human Right Defenders Nepal
- 106. Agricultural Missions USA
- 107. Servicios Ecumenicos para la Reconciliación y Reconstrucción (SERR) USA
- 108. ENLACES por la Sustentabilidad El Salvador
- 109. Solidaritas Perempuan Indonesia
- 110. Women Forum for Women Nepal
- 111. Naga Indigenous Women Network (NIWN)
- 112. Women Rising India
- 113. Asociacion Ciudadana por los Derechos Humanos Argentina
- 114. DEWA Project (Development and Empowerment for Women's Advancement)
- 115. Women for Peace and Gender Equality Initiative (WOPEGEE) Nigeria
- 116. Peoples Development Community (PDC) Bangladesh
- 117. AwazCDS Pakistan
- 118. LDC Watch
- 119. IBON International
- 120. WAVE (Women in Adult & Vocational Education Inc.) Australia
- 121. Society for Appraisal and Women Empowerment (SAWERA) Pakistan
- 122. Youth Association for Development Pakistan
- 123. Human Rights Focus Pakistan
- 124. Association for Land Reform and Development (ALRD) Bangladesh

- 125. AWAJ Foundation Bangladesh
- 126. Rural Reconstruction Nepal
- 127. Association for Women's Rights in Development (AWID)
- 128. Indigenous Women's Network of Thailand (IWNT)
- 129. PROGRESS (Palangkaraya Ecological and Human Rights Studies) Indonesia
- 130. NEthing India
- 131. Worker's Information Center (WIC) Cambodia
- 132. Women Network for Unity (WNU) Cambodia
- 133. Social Action for Change (SAC) Cambodia
- 134. The BPO Industry Employees Network (BIEN) Philippines
- 135. Unified Employees of Alorica Philippines
- 136. Cambodian Food and Service Workers' Federation (CFSWF) Cambodia
- 137. Association pour le Développement Global des Batwa au Rwanda (ADBR) Rwanda
- 138. Women's Centre Sri Lanka
- 139. Journalists for Human Rights Macedonia
- 140. Mothers & Daughters of Lanka Sri Lanka
- 141. Women Workers for Justice Group
- 142. Global Call to Action Against Poverty (GCAP)
- 143. African Women's Network for Community Management of Forests (REFACOF)
- 144. Institute for Gender Studies, Unisa South Africa
- 145. West African Young Women Leaders Network (ROAJELF) Senegal
- 146. Le Conseil Senegalais des Femmes (COSEF)
- 147. Health Poverty Action UK
- 148. Asia Dalit Rights Forum
- 149. National Campaign on Dalit Human Rights India
- 150. Young Associates for Integral Development (JADI) Democratic Republic of Congo
- 151. Adivasi Women's Network India
- 152. India HIV/AIDS Alliance
- 153. Koperazzjoni Internazzjonali (Kopin) Malta
- 154. Instituto del Tercer Mundo of Montevideo Uruguay
- 155. Congregation of Our Lady of Charity of the Good Shepherd
- 156. Phenix Center for Economic and Informatics Studies Jordan
- 157. Trade Justice Movement United Kingdom
- 158. Ruth Kruger (individual) South Africa
- 159. International Trade Union Confederation (ITUC)
- 160. Right to Food campaign, India
- 161. Fundación Vía Libre, Argentina
- 162. National Network for Education Reform (NNER) Myanmar
- 163. Public Services International (PSI)
- 164. Development Alternatives for Women in a New Era (DAWN)